ON QUASI-EINSTEIN MANIFOLDS

Ryszard Deszcz^{*}, Malgorzata Glogowska

Wroclaw University of Environmental and Life Sciences, Department of Mathematics, Grunwaldzka 53, 50-357 Wroclaw, Poland [ryszard.deszcz@up.wroc.pl, malgorzata.glogowska@up.wroc.pl]

A semi-Riemannian manifold (M,g), $n = \dim M \ge 3$, is said to be an Einstein manifold if its Ricci tensor S is proportional to the metric tensor g, i.e. $S = \frac{\kappa}{n} g$ holds on M, where κ is the scalar curvature. More generally, (M,g), $n \ge 3$, is called a quasi-Einstein manifold if at every point $x \in M$ its Ricci tensor S satisfies rank $(S - \alpha g) \le 1$, $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, i.e. the condition $S = \alpha g + \varepsilon w \otimes w$, $\varepsilon = \pm 1$, $w \in T_x^*M$, $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, holds at x. Quasi-Einstein manifolds arose during the study of exact solutions of the Einstein field equations and investigation in quasi-umbilical hypersurfaces of conformally flat spaces. In this talk we present results on quasi-Einstein warped product manifolds and quasi-Einstein hypersurfaces in space forms. Our talk bases on [1]-[7].

- [1] J. Chojnacka-Dulas, R. Deszcz, M. Głogowska and M. Prvanović, On warped products manifolds satisfying some curvature conditions, to appear.
- [2] F. Defever, R. Deszcz, M. Hotloś, M. Kucharski and Z. Sentürk, Generalisations of Robertson-Walker spaces, Annales Univ. Sci. Budapest. Eötvös Sect. Math. 43 (2000), 13–24.
- [3] R. Deszcz, M. Głogowska, M. Hotloś, and K. Sawicz, A Survey on Generalized Einstein Metric Conditions, in: Advances in Lorentzian Geometry: Proceedings of the Lorentzian Geometry Conference in Berlin, AMS/IP Studies in Advanced Mathematics 49, S.-T. Yau (series ed.), M. Plaue, A.D. Rendall and M. Scherfner (eds.), 2011, 27–46.
- [4] R. Deszcz, M. Głogowska, M. Hotloś and Z. Sentürk, On certain quasi-Einstein semisymmetric hypersurfaces, Ann. Univ. Sci. Budap. Rolando Eötvös, Sect. Math. 41 (1998), 151–164.
- [5] R. Deszcz and M. Hotloś, On hypersurfaces with type number two in spaces of constant curvature, Ann. Univ. Sci. Budap. Rolando Eötvös, Sect. Math. 46 (2003), 19–34.
- [6] R. Deszcz, M. Hotloś and Z. Sentürk, On curvature properties of certain quasi-Einstein hypersurfaces, Int. J. Math., in print.
- [7] M. Głogowska, On quasi-Einstein Cartan type hypersurfaces, J. Geom. Phys. 58 (2008), 599-614.