

Primena veštačkih neuronskih mreža na LSST krive sjaja aktivnih galaksija

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LSST Corporation Enabling Science: Building Deep Learning Engine (DLE) for AGN light-curves

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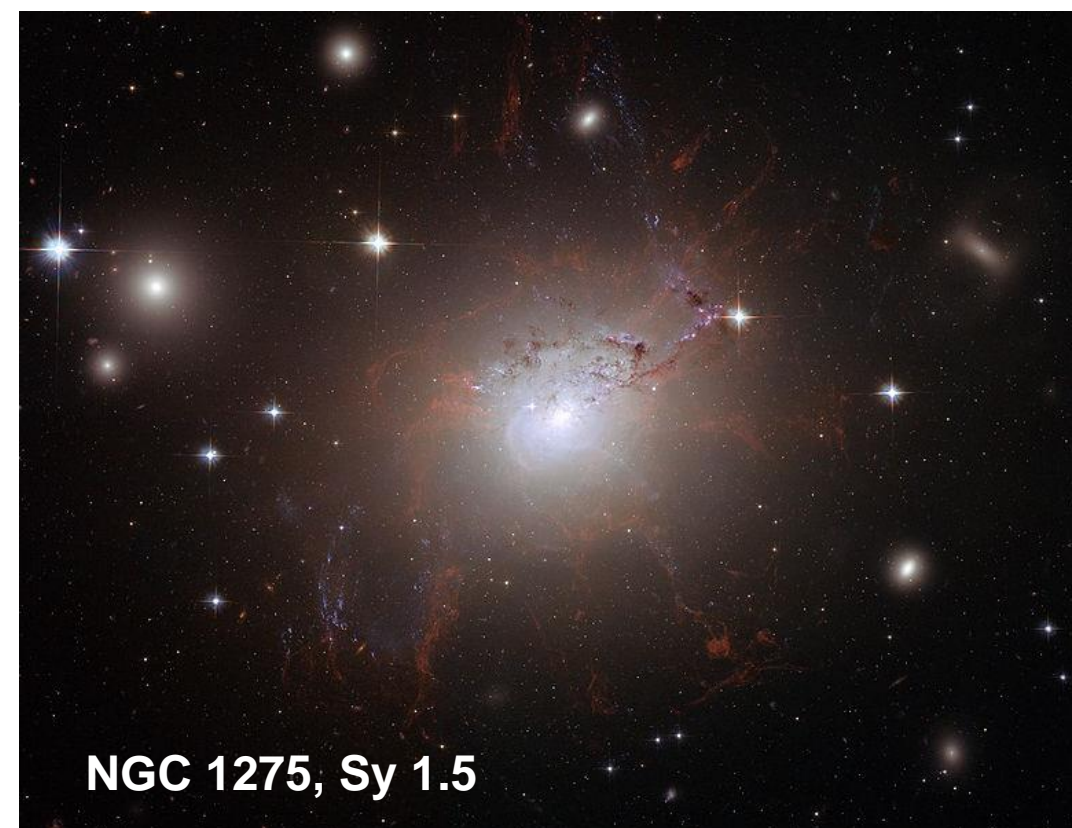
[A NEW WAY OF OBSERVING]

Preparing for the widest, deepest, fastest eye of the new digital age

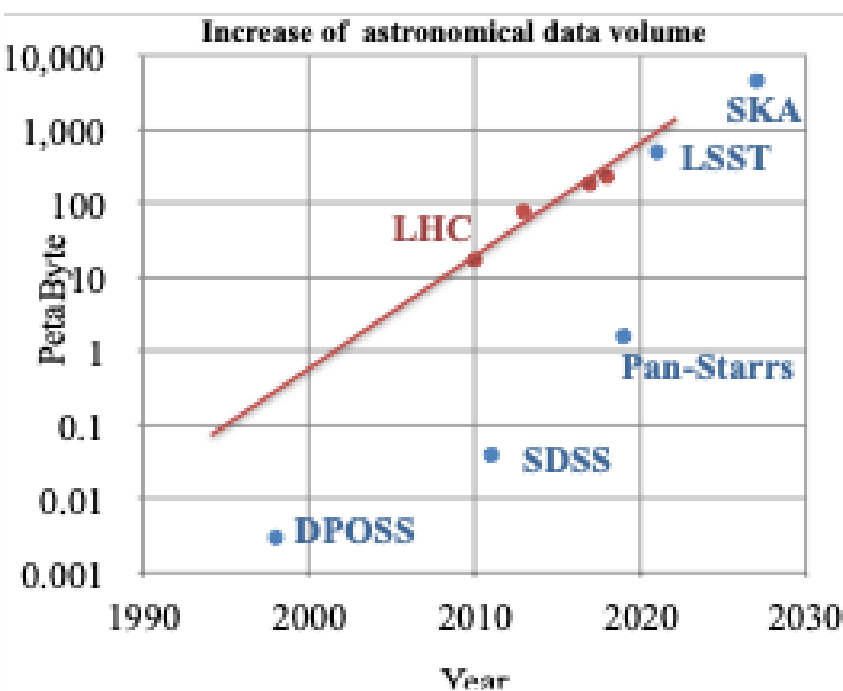


Overview

- Awarded with LSST Corp Enabling Science 2021 grant
- Studying Active galactic nuclei that are so far away that we can't capture the details of what's going on in the very core of active galaxies, so we map the central regions through the analysis of variability, LCs, which we model
- Developing deep learning engines (DLEs) for non-parametric modeling of active galactic nuclei (AGN) light-curves (LCs)
- Project aim:
 - Implementation of a new version of the Conditional Neural Process in PyTorch from TensorFlow v1
 - Code upgrade for allowing modeling of a large number of LCs and generalization instead of overfitting to a single LC
 - Batched training and stacking of LCs
 - Extraction, preprocessing and creating of dataset of LCs ready for modeling from big astronomical databases



Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST)



The telescope will produce the deepest, widest, image of the Universe:

- 27-ft (8.4-m) mirror, the width of a singles tennis court
- 3200 megapixel camera
- Each image the size of 40 full moons
- 37 billion stars and galaxies
- 10 year survey of the sky
- Up to 10 million alerts,
- **20 Terabytes of data .. every night!**



Vera C. Rubin observatory

- Under construction in Chile.
- Main task will be an astronomical survey:
the Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST)

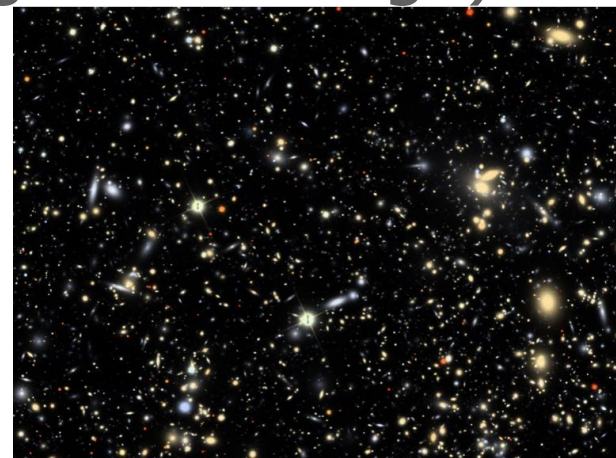
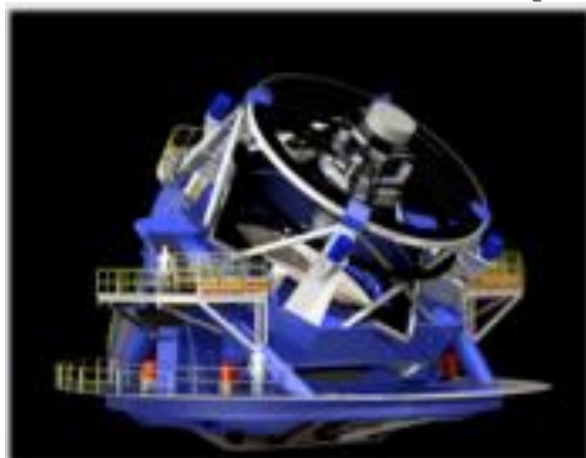
$$LSST = \int \text{Observatory} + \text{Telescope} + \text{Camera} + \text{Data Management System}$$

$$= \text{Fully Reduced Data}$$

LSST (images+catalogs)



Sci. discoveries



```
$ head -n 3 output/galaxy_catalog.dat
galileid, objectId, raJ2000, decJ2000, redshift, u_ab, g_ab, r_ab, i_ab, z_ab,
222500350435, 222500350435, 199.56648010, -9.28911042, 0.87100780, 24.72078514,
222501392641, 222501392641, 199.57937323, -9.29996667, 0.70250392, 26.08153725,
```

telescope → images → catalogues

Dataset

- Sánchez-Sáez, P., et al. "Alert classification for the alerce broker system: The light curve classifier." *The Astronomical Journal* 161.3 (2021): 141.
- Real data from ZTF telescope (The Zwicky Transient Facility <https://www.ztf.caltech.edu/about-ztf.html>)
- Parquet file with the light curves contains 50,468,778 observations [ID, name, oid_alerce, mjd, mag, magerr, catflags, ra, dec]
- Csv file with some variability features and information from the original catalogs (~50 features)

| objID | oid_alerce | meanra | meandec | n_good_det | timespan_good | T2020_sigma2 | mhps_ratio | mhps_low | mhps_high | mhps_non_zero | mhps_PN_flag | Amplitude | Anderson | Autocor_length |
|-------|------------|--------|---------|------------|---------------|--------------|------------|----------|-----------|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------|----------------|
|-------|------------|--------|---------|------------|---------------|--------------|------------|----------|-----------|---------------|--------------|-----------|----------|----------------|

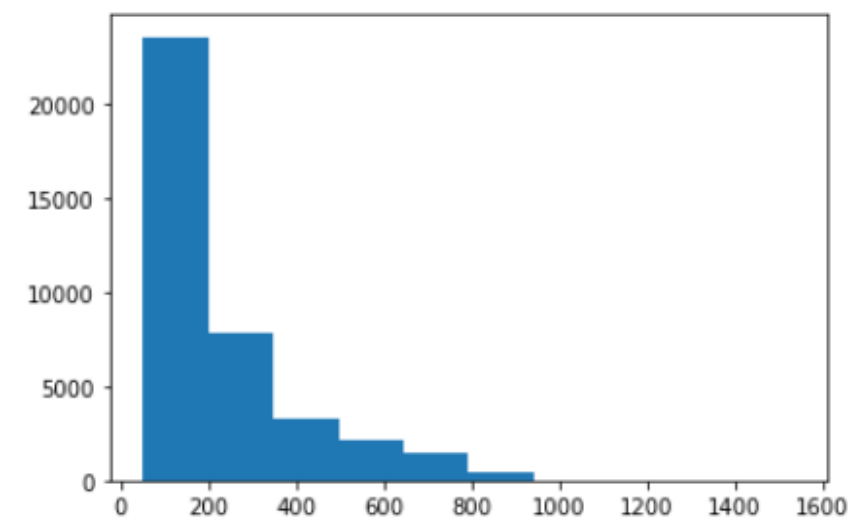
- 38,673 quasars

| | oid_alerce | mjd | mag | magerr |
|-----------|-----------------|--------------|-----------|----------|
| 270 | 600115400000062 | 58277.446759 | 20.499042 | 0.150769 |
| 271 | 600115400000062 | 58280.447870 | 20.510712 | 0.151645 |
| 272 | 600115400000062 | 58283.447500 | 20.546181 | 0.154301 |
| 273 | 600115400000062 | 58286.446076 | 20.422102 | 0.143933 |
| 274 | 600115400000062 | 58292.443738 | 20.381016 | 0.140310 |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 106537366 | 498106400001568 | 59211.114086 | 19.524521 | 0.111328 |
| 106537367 | 498106400001568 | 59216.134167 | 19.357594 | 0.100389 |
| 106537368 | 498106400001568 | 59218.102951 | 19.321796 | 0.098138 |
| 106537369 | 498106400001568 | 59220.145822 | 19.447880 | 0.106221 |
| 106537370 | 498106400001568 | 59224.150370 | 19.445705 | 0.106078 |

50470539 rows × 4 columns

| | oid_alerce | type |
|--------|--------------|-----------|
| 0 | 5.671073e+14 | Q |
| 1 | 5.771083e+14 | AX |
| 2 | 7.221141e+14 | Q |
| 3 | 8.201032e+14 | Q |
| 4 | 5.701162e+14 | Seyfert_1 |
| ... | ... | ... |
| 230459 | 6.331161e+14 | QX |
| 230460 | 6.801084e+14 | Q |
| 230461 | 4.731143e+14 | Q |
| 230462 | 6.241132e+14 | Q |
| 230463 | 6.241151e+14 | QX |

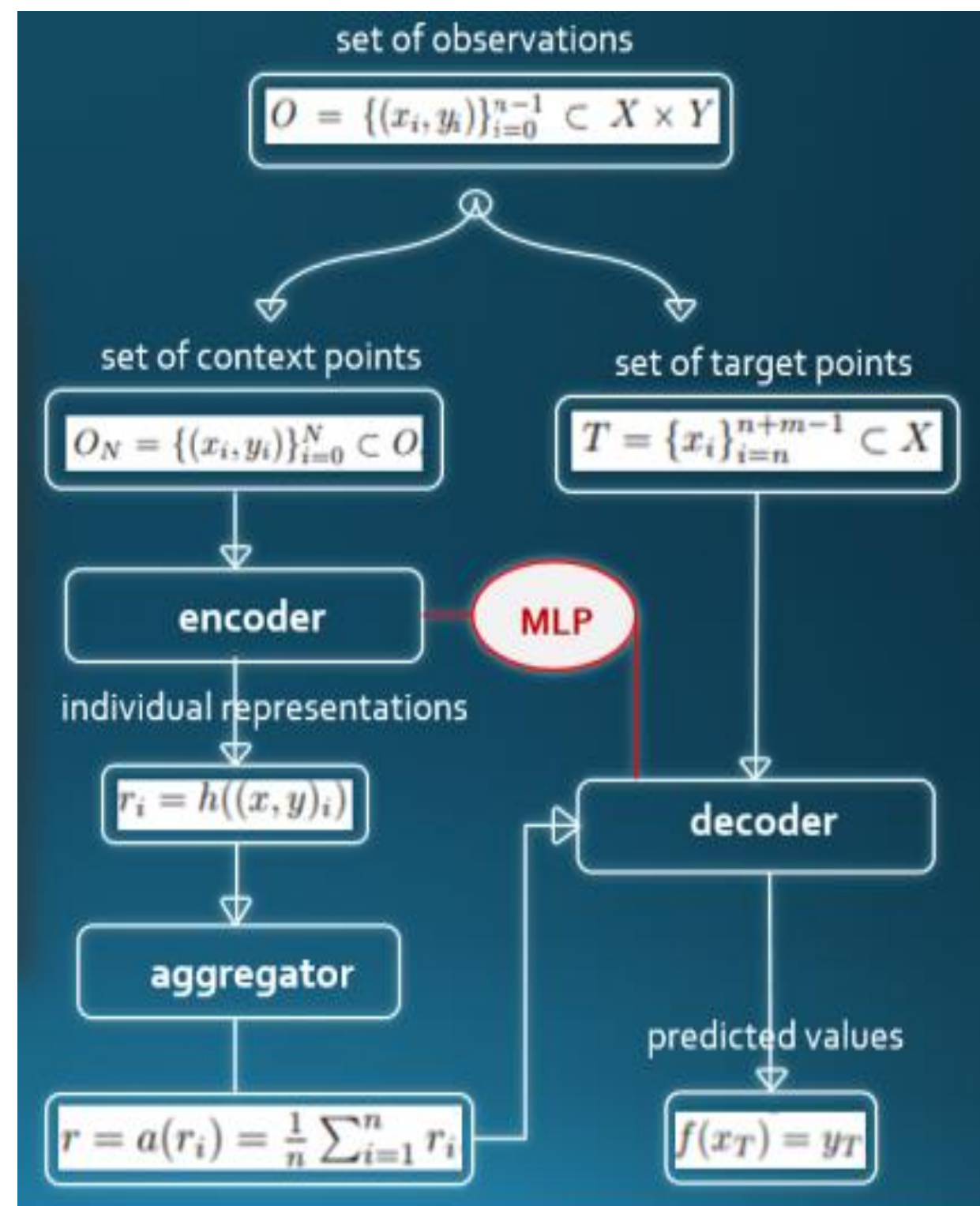
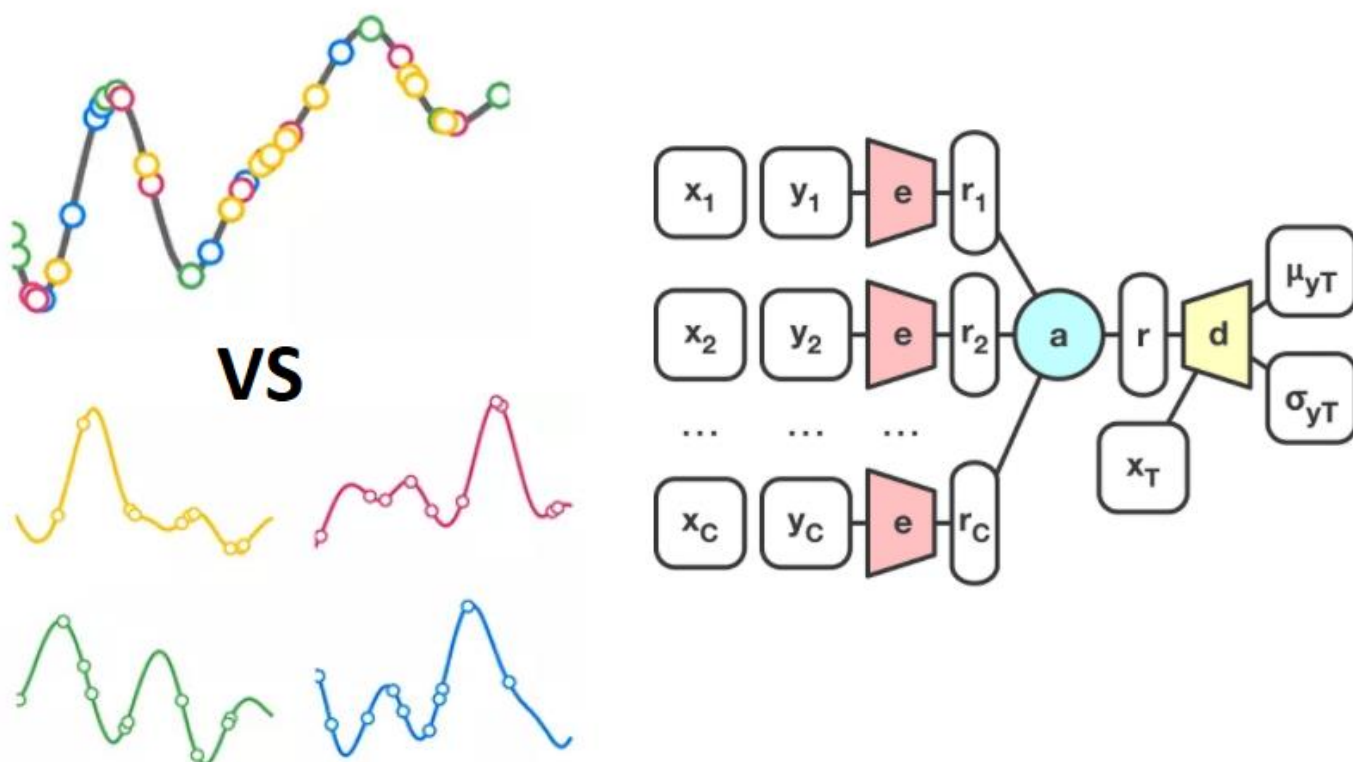
230464 rows × 2 columns



x: number of points
y: number of LCs

Method

- The task is to try to find the values of flux in the moments of time where we have gaps in our observations in order to obtain realistic and continuous representation of our light curve
- Conditional Neural Processes (Garnelo, Rosenbaum, et al., 2018) architecture
- Application of CNP to quasar LCs modeling by Cvorovic-Hajdinjak et. al 2021



Cvorovic-Hajdinjak et. al 2021

Notebook: preprocessing

- Splitting raw data into LCs
- Extracting quasar type LCs
- Applying transformations
- Saving LCs ready for modeling as train, test, and validation sets

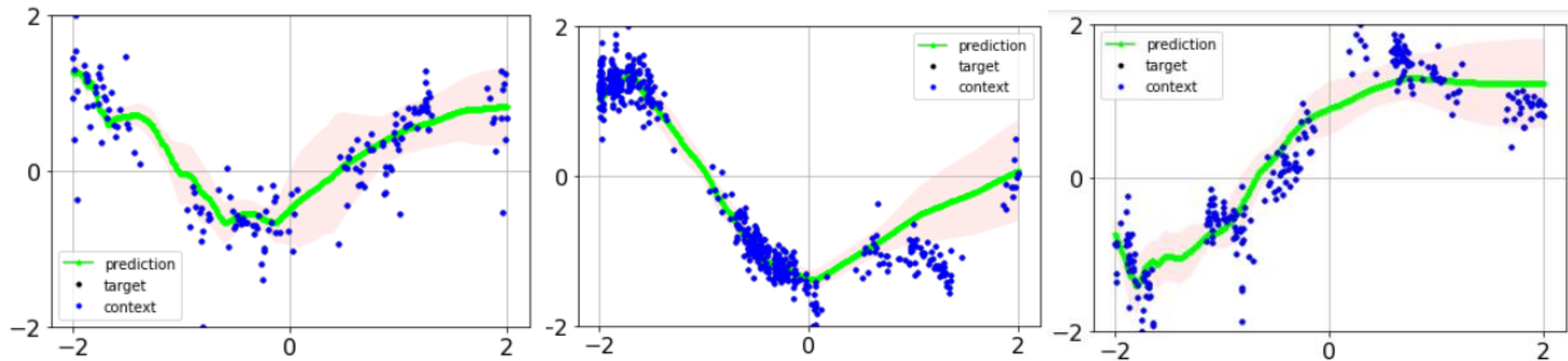
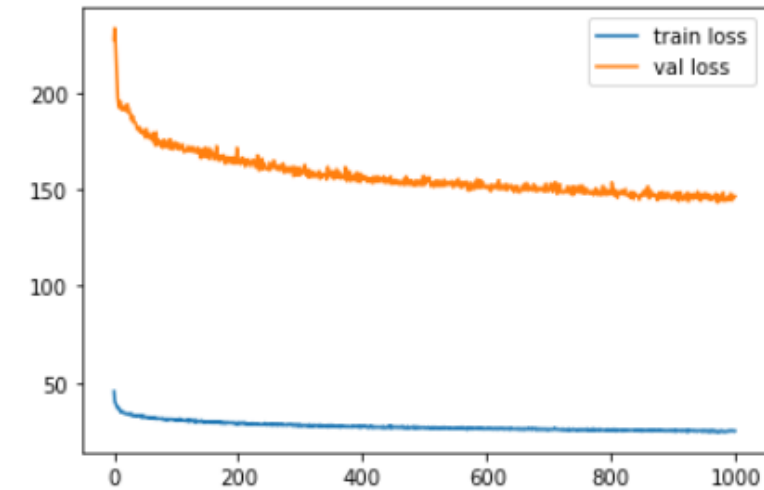
Notebook: modeling

- Data retrieval class
- CNP model – Encoder-Decoder Architecture
- Custom collate function for stacking variable-size inputs to enable batched processing of light curves
- Selection of context and target points
- Train and validation loop with early stopping criterion to prevent the network from overfitting on the train set
- Displaying of modeled LCs from train and test set

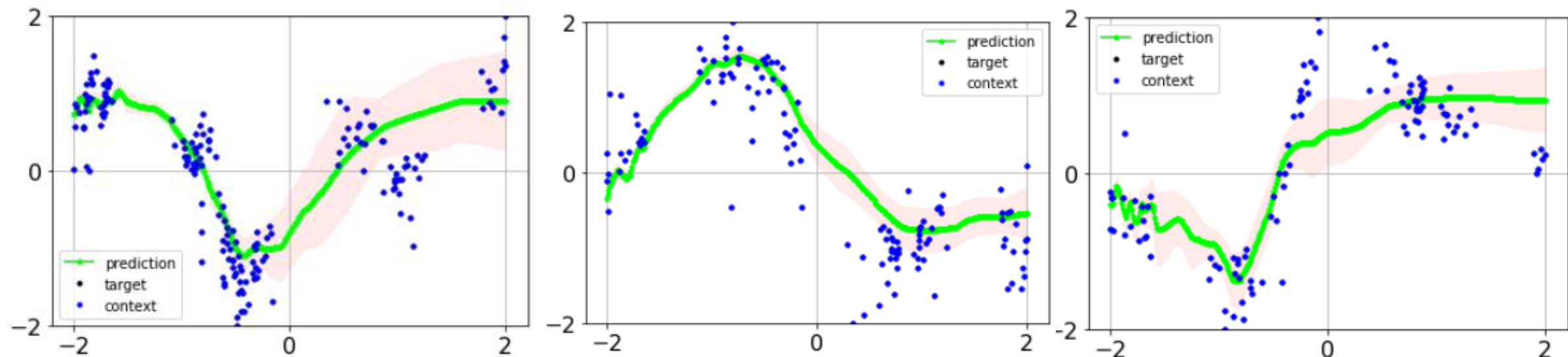
Results

- Training took ~30h on 2,560 CUDA cores

- Train



- Test



Future work

- Stratified train/test/validation split based on LCs parameters
- Splitting LCs into multiple LCs based on densities of observations (gaining $\sim 100k$ LCs dataset)
- Hyperparameter optimization using Weights & Biases
- Notebook will be a part of periodicity detection pipeline in LSST
- Experiment with other architectures:
 - Convolutional Conditional Neural Process (Gordon et al., 2020)
 - Attentive Neural Process (Kim et al., 2019)

DLEs: Deep Learning Engines

- <https://github.com/LSST-sersag/dle>



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Building Deep Learning Engine for AGN Light-Curves (2021-11)

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2021 Enabling Science Call for Proposals
The LSSTC Enabling Science Program 2021 Award Recipients. The LSSTC Enabling Science program has awarded funding to 38 out of over 57 requests submitted in response to its 2021 call for proposals.

See the Awardees

LSSTC's

"The LSST Exploring transient optical sky-science opportunity No. 14 focuses on LSST light curves (LC) of active galactic nuclei (AGN) for photometric reverberation mapping (PhotoRM). We are building a deep learning engine (DLE) for AGN-LC nonparametric modeling and implementing the PhotoRM procedure to respond to the LSST operations, be adaptable to non-AGN LC, and be tested on LSST Data Previews."